Nipissing University
Student Union
Financial Statements
For the year ended April 30, 2016

Nipissing University Student Union Financial Statements For the year ended April 30, 2016

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Nipissing University Student Union

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Nipissing University Student Union, which comprise the statement of financial position as at April 30, 2016, and the statements of changes in net assets, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with other similar organizations, the organization derives revenue from social events and fundraising, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization. We were unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenue, excess of expenditures over revenue and cash flow from operations for the years ended April 30, 2016 and 2015, current assets as at April 30, 2016 and 2015, and net assets as at May 1 and April 30 for both the 2016 and 2015 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2015 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nipissing University Student Union as at April 30, 2016 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

RDO Canada CLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

North Bay, Ontario September 30, 2016

Nipissing University Student Union Statement of Financial Position

April 30	 2016	2015
Assets		
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (Note 2) Prepaid expenses	\$ 299,691 25,938 25,667	\$ 339,448 1,054 34,718
	351,296	375,220
Capital assets (Note 3)	 173,109	527,541
	\$ 524,405	\$ 902,761
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4) Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6)	\$ 335,518 5,175	\$ 216,741 13,610
	340,693	230,351
Long-term debt (Note 6)	11,827	258,046
	352,520	488,397
Net Assets Unrestricted	 171,885	414,364
	\$ 524,405	\$ 902,761

On behalf of the Board:

_____ Director

Trust Fund under Administration (Note 8)

_____ Director

Nipissing University Student Union Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended April 30		2016	2015
Balance, beginning of year	\$	414,364 \$	537,560
Excess of expenses over revenues for the year	_	(242,479)	(123,196)
Balance, end of year	\$	171,885 \$	414,364

Nipissing University Student Union Statement of Operations

For the year ended April 30		2016	2015
Revenues Student fees Programming and social events Interest and other Restaurant sales (net of costs) Student health plan administration fee (Note 7)	\$	860,432 \$ 74,728 12,344 80,553	97,373 82,568 17,060 7,816
Expenses Salaries and benefits Programming and social events Occupancy Student federation fees Professional fees Repairs and maintenance Insurance Office and general Travel and conferences Bank charges Bad debts Awards & bursaries Interest on long term debt		524,317 227,718 95,199 88,048 62,122 44,683 39,131 31,222 27,381 6,707 3,535 1,259 1,176	1,094,020 443,747 234,866 47,521 79,254 71,968 41,689 41,250 59,938 22,220 5,838 - 15,247 13,083
Provision for doubtful loans Settlement Amortization Excess of expenses over revenues		- 93,488 1,245,986 (217,929)	41,439 22,500 93,482 1,234,042 (140,022)
Other revenues and expenses Loan forgiveness (Note 6) (Loss) gain on disposal of capital assets	_	241,044 (265,594) (24,550)	16,826
Excess of expenses over revenues for the year	\$	(242,479) \$	

Nipissing University Student Union Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended April 30		2016	2015
Cash provided by (used in)			
Operating activities	\$	(2.42. 4 7 0) ¢	(422-404)
Excess of expenses over revenues for the year Items not involving cash	Ş	(242,479) \$	(123,196)
Amortization		93,488	93,482
(Loss) gain on disposal of capital assets		265,594	(16,826)
		116,603	(46,540)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances			
Accounts receivable		(24,884)	12,899
Prepaid expenses		9,051	(10,564)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_	119,013	75,759
		219,783	31,554
Investing activities			
Purchase of capital assets		(23,721)	(206,226)
Proceeds on sale of capital assets		18,835	
		(4,886)	(206,226)
Financing activities			
Increase in long-term debt		-	26,293
Repayment of long-term debt		(13,610)	(12,525)
Loan forgiveness	_	(241,044)	-
		(254,654)	13,768
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(39,757)	(160,904)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	339,448	500,352
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	299,691 \$	339,448

April 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature and Purpose of organization

The Nipissing University Student Union (NUSU) is incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario as a non-profit organization without share capital and under the provisions of the Income Tax Act is exempt from income tax. NUSU's primary activity is to provide special social activities and a voice for students enrolled at

Nipissing University.

Basis of Accounting The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian

accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Cash and

Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank balances

and guaranteed investment certificates with maturities of less than

three months or less.

Capital Assets Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization.

Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is

calculated as follows:

Furniture and equipment - 20% diminishing balance Computer equipment - 50% diminishing balance

Vehicles - 30% diminishing balance

Construction in progress - No amortization

Revenue Recognition Student fees and other revenues are recognized as revenues when

received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Revenue

from sales is recognized when the service is performed.

April 30, 2016

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. The organization's financial assets consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. In subsequent periods they are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used when determining accruals and the useful life of capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

April 30, 2016

2.	Accounts Receivable	 2016	2015
	Trade receivables Due from building trust (Note 8)	\$ 11,141 \$ 14,797	1,054 -
		\$ 25,938 \$	1,054

3. Capital Assets

			2016	2015
	Cost	 cumulated nortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment Vehicles Tools & equipment Construction in progress	\$ 30,986 40,384 14,260 125,018	\$ 19,757 16,356 1,426	\$ 11,229 24,028 12,834 125,018	\$ 354,876 21,043 34,326 - 117,296
	\$ 210,648	\$ 37,539	\$ 173,109	\$ 527,541

4. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$7,516 (2015 - \$3,163) in government remittances payable.

5. Credit Facilities

The Organization has available to it a line of credit of \$75,000 between August 1 and October 31, at a rate of prime plus 1.5%. This line of credit was unutilised at April 30, 2016.

The organization also has access to business bank credit cards to a maximum of \$50,000.

April 30, 2016

6.	Long-term Debt	2016	2015
	Loan payable 5.98%, due May 2019 repayable in monthly installments of \$504 principal and interest, secured by a specific piece of equipment, with a carrying value of \$24,028.	\$ 17,002 \$	21,877
	Loan payable 5.11%, due July 2033 repayable in bi-annual payments of \$10,694 principal and interest specified by financing agreement (i).	 -	249,779
		17,002	271,656
	Less: amounts due within one year included in current liabilities	5,175	13,610
		\$ 11,827 \$	258,046

The principal repayments required on the long-term debt over the next four years is as follows:

2017 2018 2019	\$	5,175 5,493 5,831
2020	_	503
	\$	17,002

(i) This loan with a balance of \$241,044 was forgiven in fiscal 2016.

7. Student Plan Administration Fee

NUSU administers the student health plan and has recognized its portion of the administration fee as follows:

	2016	2015	
Fees collected from students Less: Health insurance provider fee	\$ 284,820 ((284,820)	\$ 294,222 (286,406)	
Health plan administration fee	\$ - 9	\$ 7,816	

April 30, 2016

8. Trust Fund Under Administration

On August 9, 2011, the Ontario Superior Court of Justice issued a court order between Nipissing University Student Union, Nipissing University, Canadore Students Representative Council and Canadore College. Under the terms of the order Kenneth Peake was appointed as Trustee of the Trust Fund known as the Building trust fund, and that all monies collected by Nipissing University and/or Canadore College through the Student Centre Levy/Fee pursuant to the Student Centre Management Agreement, whether currently held or subsequently collected (the "Trust Fund"), will be transferred to Kenneth Peake of Paddon & Yorke Inc. (the "Trustee") to be managed in accordance with the terms of the order.

NUSU is able to submit to the Trustee requests for a transfer of Trust Funds, with an accompanying description of the proposed use for the funds that is consistent with the intended uses set out in the agreement.

The Trust Funds are to be applied exclusively to the purpose of the renovation and expansion of the Student Centre.

The year end of the Trust Fund is December 31, 2015. Supplemental financial information representing NUSU's proportionate share of the Trust Fund is as follows: (i)

	2015		2014
Financial assets	\$	7,086,703	\$ 6,380,377
Trust equity	\$	7,086,703	\$ 6,380,377
Revenue Expenses	\$	774,401 68,075	\$ 884,874 -
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$	706,326	\$ 884,874

(i) The supplemental financial information included above is based on applying estimates of NUSU's proportionate share of the Trust Fund.

April 30, 2016

9. Financial Instruments

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The organization is exposed to interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of its long-term debt which carries a fixed rate of interest.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The organization is also exposed to credit risk arising from its accounts receivable. Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to the transaction will not pay.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of operational liquidity requirements, the company will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on the due date; will be forced to sell financial assets at a value, which is less than what they are worth; or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset. Liquidity risk arises from accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.